

## 人教新目标八年级英语下册

### Unit 1-2 单元练习题

#### 一、单项选择

1. These days both the young and the old are getting interested \_\_\_\_\_ WeChat.  
A. on                      B. in                      C. at                      D. to
2. To keep children away from danger during the coming summer holiday parents \_\_\_\_\_ give them some safety tips.  
A. should                      B. may                      C. could                      D. might
3. —Mr. White, could you give me some advice? I have \_\_\_\_\_ in learning English.  
—Sure. First you should be confident and never give up. Second...  
A. fun                      B. trouble                      C. interest                      D. surprise
4. Do you know who taught \_\_\_\_\_ French? Nobody. He learned it by \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. his; himself                      B. him; him                      C. him; himself                      D. his; him
5. If you have a toothache you should \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. see a dentist    B. go to school    C. drink cold water    D. eat much meat
6. —You look really tired. \_\_\_\_\_?  
—I didn't sleep well last night. I had a headache.  
A. How about you    B. What should I do    C. What's the matter    D. How are you feeling now
7. It's a bad habit to \_\_\_\_\_ you can do today until tomorrow.  
A. write down                      B. talk about                      C. worry about                      D. put off
8. He offered \_\_\_\_\_ valuable advice that \_\_\_\_\_ people disagreed.  
A. such; a few                      B. such; few                      C. so; a few                      D. so; few
9. —These problems are too hard to \_\_\_\_\_. Will you give me some advice?  
—There are many ways. The most important is to have a careful plan.  
A. hand out                      B. work out                      C. look out                      D. break out

10. — Do you agree \_\_\_\_\_ me \_\_\_\_\_ my English?

— Of course I do.

A. help; to                      B. help; with                      C. to help; to                      D. to help; with

## 二、完成句子

11. 多亏了他的帮助, 我昨天按时到达了那里。 \_\_\_\_\_ his help, I finally got there on time.

12. 这位老师把他所有的书都捐给了学校。                      The teacher \_\_\_\_\_ all his books to the school.

13. 他没有马上回答她的问题。                      He didn't reply to her question \_\_\_\_\_.

14. 机器人使人们有可能用较少的精力做较多的工作。

Robots \_\_\_\_\_ for people to do more work with less energy.

15. 我们想建立一个组织来帮助贫困的孩子。

We want to \_\_\_\_\_ an organization to help the poor children.

## 三、短文填空

A small city but with a long history—that's how I feel about this city during the journey to it. You can say that Macau 16. \_\_\_\_\_ (自身) has come out as the biggest winner from its casino-dominated city (博彩之城). As of 2019, Macau is the second richest area on the earth. Also, a 17. \_\_\_\_\_ (人口) of 648,500 within 30.5 square kilometers makes it the most 18. \_\_\_\_\_ (拥挤) city in the world. The city is 19. \_\_\_\_\_ (尤其) famous for its legal gaming. That's why the local 20. \_\_\_\_\_ (政府) can pay its citizens plenty of money every year. While walking around, you will soon find the 21. \_\_\_\_\_ (标志) of the city—the Morpheus Hotel, which 22. \_\_\_\_\_ (描述) great changes in modern buildings every year. Macau is one of the only cities in the world where you won't 23. \_\_\_\_\_ (错过) the chance of trying Macanese Cuisine. In fact, it's the 24. \_\_\_\_\_ (家乡) to mixed food cultures. However, some 25. \_\_\_\_\_ (情况) is getting more serious, like the damage of ancient interests. Best wishes to it!

## 四、补全对话 7 选 5

根据对话内容, 从对话后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 选项中有两项为多余选项。

A: Excuse me, sir. Could you give me some help?

B: Sure. 26. \_\_\_\_\_

A: We will have a week off. Our class want to go on a trip 27. I want to know if you have a 5-day tour.

B: We certainly ~~do~~. We have many such tours 28.

A: Well, we are going to visit the Tiananmen Square, the Summer Palace and World Park and so on.

B: They are all places of great interest in Beijing 29.

A: Well, today is June 24. And we still have three more days before finishing the final exam. 30.

B: Oh, I see.

A. We will be free the day after that.

B. I want to ask you a question.

C. When are you going to take the tour?

D. What can I do for you, young man?

E. What places are you going to visit?

F. I'd like to look for some sightseeing information.

G. We are going to fly there.

## 五、阅读理解

Every year we have a volunteer day. On that day we can leave the office and choose to volunteer with an organization of our choice. Last year my team chose to volunteer as a group at the Royal Children's Hospital (RCH) in the cancer ward (癌症病房). The RCH asked us to make Christmas cards with the kids and generally just stay with them, whether waiting between doctor's visits or staying in their room.

With our day at RCH coming near, many of us in the team were feeling quite nervous about what we would do when seeing the sick children. I tried to deal with the stress by baking the night before when we were asked to provide morning tea. Later I was feeling more confident.

We arrived at RCH and our first job was to serve morning tea to the children and their families who were waiting to see doctors. It seems that the biscuits or chocolate break the icy situation. Then it was time to start making Christmas cards. We came with shiny and fun things that can get even those big kids excited.

It was surprising that our stress immediately went away. By sitting and talking with the kids, and helping them make cards, it became clear that although they were sick, they were open and glad.

To say that I didn't feel upset that day would not be honest. However, we were able to put smiles on faces. Many thanks to the nurses, doctors, parents, and children at the RCH for welcoming us, and allowing us to experience the joy that kids bring.

31. The volunteer day means \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. it happens on the same day every year      B. it is one hospital visit every year  
C. it is a day out as a team      D. it is always an easy day

32. Why did the writer do the baking the night before?

- A. To relax the stress.      B. To improve his cooking skills.  
C. To prepare his own morning tea.      D. To bring the sick kids fun.

33. How was the morning tea?

- A. It was successful.      B. It was very simple.  
C. It was longer than expected.      D. It made the doctors very happy.

34. The writer thinks that the kids at the RCH were \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. careful      B. quiet      C. honest      D. happy

35. How was the writer's day at the RCH?

- A. He didn't feel welcome.      B. He felt thankful to volunteer there.  
C. He learned a lot from the doctors.      D. He was always happy deep in his heart.

## 六、话题作文

请根据下列表格中所给信息，以“*How to Prevent the Flu*”为题写一篇 60 词左右的短文，文章开头已给出不计入总词数。



## 参考答案

### 1. 【答案】B

【详解】句意：最近年轻人和老人都对微信产生了兴趣。考查介词辨析。on 在…上面；in 在…里面；at 在具体时间点或地点；to 到……根据句意可知，这里考查了短语 get interested in “变得对…感兴趣”，故选 B。

### 2. 【答案】A

【详解】句意：为了让孩子们在即将到来的暑假里远离危险，父母应该给他们一些安全提示。A. should 情态动词，应该，表示责任或义务；B. may 情态动词，可以，能，表示请求许可；C. could 情态动词，能、可以，表示请求许可，语气委婉；D. might 情态动词，可能，语气比 could 更委婉与不确定。根据语境可知，本题表示“责任或义务”之意。故选 A。

### 3. 【答案】B

【详解】句意：——White 先生，你能给我一些建议吗？我在学习英语上有困难。——当然可以了。首先，你应该有自信，不要放弃。其次……。考查名词辨析。fun 乐趣；trouble 麻烦，烦恼；interest 兴趣；surprise 吃惊，惊奇。根据句意 “could you give me some advice?” 可知，这里在征求 White 先生的建议，所以说话人学习英语遇到了麻烦。故选 B。

### 4. 【答案】C

【详解】句意：你知道谁教他法语吗？没人，它是自己学的。选项中 him 为宾格形式“他”，himself 为反身代词“他自己”。根据语境可判断第一空应填“他”，由于置于动词之后，故用宾格形式；第二空 by oneself 表示“通过某人自己…”，故选 C。

### 5. 【答案】A

【详解】句意：如果你牙疼，你应该看牙医。A. see a dentist 看牙医；B. go to school 去上学；C. drink cold water 喝凉水；D. eat much meat 吃许多肉；根据 If you have a toothache 可知是看牙医；故选 A。

### 6. 【答案】C

【详解】试题分析：句意：—你看起来很累。怎么了？—昨天晚上没睡好。我头疼。A. How about you 那么你呢？B. What should I do 我该怎么办呢？C. What's the matter 怎么了？D. How are you feeling now 你现在感觉怎么样？根据句意及选项意思，故选 C。考点：考查交际用语。

### 7. 【答案】D

【详解】句意：把今天能做的事推到明天是一个坏习惯。考查动词短语。writedown 写下；talkabout 谈论；worry about 担心；put off 推迟。根据 “It’s a bad habit to...you can do today until tomorrow” 可知，将今天的事推到明天去做是一个不好的习惯，故选 D。

8. 【答案】B

【详解】句意：他提出如此宝贵的意见，几乎没有人不同意。考查固定句型。few 几个；few 很少，几乎没有；so/such...that 如此...以致，so 修饰形容词或副词，such 修饰名词，遇见不定冠词时要放在冠词前。在名词前有形容词 many、much 等修饰时，不用 such，用 so。故选 B。

9. 【答案】B

【详解】句意：——这些问题太难了，无法解决。你能给我一些建议吗？——有很多方法。最重要的是要有一个仔细的计划。考查动词短语辨析。hand out 分发，施舍；work out 解决；look out 当心，小心，挑选出；break out (战争、火灾等) 爆发，(疾病的) 突然发生。根据 “Will you give me some advice?” 可知要解决这些问题。故选 B。

10. 【答案】D

【详解】句意：——你同意帮我学英语吗？——当然可以。考查动词短语及固定搭配辨析。根据句意，空格处所在句子表示 “你同意帮我学英语吗”，固定搭配 agree to do sth “同意做某事”；help sb with sth “帮助某人做某事”，所以第一个空格填 to help，第二个空格填 with。故选 D。

二、完成句子

【答案】 11. Thanks to 12. gave away 13. right away

14. make it possible 15. set up

11 【详解】根据中英文对照可知，空格处填 “多亏”，应用固定短语 thanks to，后跟名词或动名词形式。故填 Thanks to。

12 【详解】通过对比中英文句子可知，空格处表示 “捐赠；赠送”。再根据语境可知，这里应该用一般过去时。故填 gave away。

13 【详解】根据中英文对比可知，空格处应填意为 “马上” 的短语。right away 意为 “马上”，符合句意，故填 right away。

14 【详解】根据中英文提示可知，make 意为 “使得”，possible 意为 “可能的”，make...possible 使……变得可能，make 后缺少宾语，可以使用 it 充当宾语，代替句中真正宾语 “to do more work with less energy”，make it possible for sb. to do sth 使某人做某事变得可能；句中主语

robots是复数，所以 make 使用原形。故填 make; it possible

15【详解】建立 setup，是固定搭配。want to do sth想要做某事，to后接动词原形构成动词不定式。故填 setup。

### 三、短文填空

#### 【答案】

16. itself 17. population 18. crowded 19. especially 20. government

21. symbol 22. describes 23. miss 24. hometown 25. condition

【分析】文章介绍了澳门这座城市的情况。

16【详解】句意：你可以说，澳门本身已经成为赌场主导城市的最大赢家。指代自身用反身代词，此处指的是“Macau”，应用反身代词 itself 故填 itself

17. 句意：在 30.5 平方公里范围内有 648500 人口，是世界上最拥挤的城市。根据 “648,500 within 30.5 square kilometers” 可知，此处指的是人口，population 人“口”，是不可数名词，故填 population

18【详解】句意：在 30.5 平方公里范围内有 648500 人口，是世界上最拥挤的城市。crowded 拥挤的”，与空格前的 the most 一起构成最高级的形式，故填 crowded。

19【详解】句意：这座城市以合法赌博而闻名。especially 特别，尤其”，是副词，修饰形容词，故填 especially

20【详解】句意：这就是为什么当地政府每年都能给市民很多钱的原因。government 政府”，名词，此处指的是“当地政府”，应用单数形式，故填 government。

21【详解】句意：当你四处走动时，你很快就会发现这座城市的标志——沐梵世酒店，它描述了现代建筑多年来的巨大变化。symbol 标志”，是名词，结合 “the Morpheus Hotel” 可知，此处指的是一个标志，应用单数形式，故填 symbol。

22【详解】句意：它描述了现代建筑多年来的巨大变化。describe 描述”，是动词，此处是定语从句的谓语，先行词是 “the Morpheus Hotel”，谓语动词应用三单形式，故填 describes

23【详解】句意：澳门是世界上唯一一个你不会错过品尝澳门美食机会的城市。miss 错过”，是动词，空格前有 won't，此处动词应用原形，故填 miss。

24【详解】句意：事实上，这里是混合饮食文化的故乡。hometown 家乡”，空格前有 the 修饰，且主语是 it，此处用原形，故填 hometown。

25【详解】句意：然而，一些情况越来越严重，比如古代利益受损。condition 情况”，结合谓语动词 “is” 可知，主语应用原形，是不可数名词，故填 condition



#### 四、补全对话 7 选 5

【答案】26. D    27. F    28. E    29. C    30. A

【分析】本段对话主要是学生向一个旅行社询问关于旅行的情况。

26【详解】根据上文“Excuse me, sir. Could you give me some help?”可知学生是说：打扰一下，先生，你能帮我一下吗？可推测出对方会回答：我能为你做点什么？结合选项选 D。

27【详解】根据所给空前句“Our class want to go on a trip.”可知 A 说我们班想要去旅行，以及后句“I want to know if you have a 5-day tour.”可知 A 想知道你们是否有 5 天游活动。可推测出 A 想要了解一些观光旅游信息。结合选项，故选 F。

28【详解】根据下文“Well, we are going to visit the Tiananmen Square, the Summer Palace and World Park...”可知 A 说他们全班打算参观天安门广场、颐和园和世界公园。可见上句 B 询问他打算参观哪些地方？结合选项，故选 E。

29【详解】根据下文“Well, today is June 24. And we still have three more days before finishing the final exam.”可知 A 说今天是 6 月 24 日，离期末考试还有三天时间。可推测出 B 是在询问 A 打算什么时候去旅行。结合选项，故选 C。

30【详解】根据所给空前句“And we still have three more days before finishing the final exam.”可知离期末考试还有三天时间。也就是期末考试结束后，他们就有空。结合选项，故选 A。

#### 五、阅读理解

【答案】

31. C    32. A    33. A    34. D    35. B

【分析】

文章讲述了作者一行人去儿童医院做志愿活动，陪伴患病儿童的经历。

31【详解】细节理解题。根据第一段开头“Every year we have a volunteer day. On that day we can leave the office and choose to volunteer with an organization of our choice.”可知在志愿者日这一天，作者一行人会外出进行团队活动。故选 C。

32【详解】细节理解题。根据第二段中“I tried to deal with the stress by baking the night before when we were asked to provide morning tea.”可知，作者在前一天晚上烘焙是为了缓解压力。故选 A。

33【详解】判断推理题。根据第三段中“~~I~~seems thatthebiscui~~o~~rchocolat~~e~~breakstheicy situation”可知饼干和巧克力打破了僵局，可推断出早茶很成功。故选A。

34【详解】细节理解题。根据第四段第二句“~~B~~ysitting~~and~~ talkingiththekidsand helping them make cards, itbecame cleathatthoughtheywere sick, theywere open and glad.”可知在和患病儿童相处的过程中，作者发现这些孩子还是很开心的。故选D。

35【详解】细节理解题。根据最后一句“Manythankstothenurses, doctors, parent~~s~~ and childre~~n~~attheRCH forwelcoming us, and allowingustoexperience thejoythatkidsbring.”可知，作者对于自己在儿童医院做志愿者的经历很欣慰、很感激。故选B。

## 六、话题作文

### 【答案】例文

#### How toPreventtheFlu

The flu isa kindofcommon disease. Itspread~~e~~asily~~n~~theair. Ifyou getthe flu, you usually have a high fever and your body hurts. It brings trouble to your life. To fight against it, you must take enough exercise and drink more boiled water every day. You had better keep your hands clean and have enough sleep. You shouldn't go to crowded places.

### 【详解】

这是一篇给材料作文，介绍预防流感的方法。结合所给材料，可知本文主要考查一般现在时态，人称为第二，三人称，注意主谓一致问题，句子结构主要为动宾结构，注意一些常见句式的应用，比如：If you...; you must...及You had better...等句式的应用。写作中注意运用情态动词，注意多种句式交替运用。写作中注意叙述顺序，符合逻辑关系。

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