

# 牛津译林版九下英语知识点梳理

## 梳理+综合练习

### 【词汇短语归纳】

#### Unit 1 单词词性及词形转换:

1. tire-tiring
2. step-**stepped-stepping**
3. raise-**raising**
4. wonder-wonders-wonderful
5. **lie-lay-lain-lying** (躺, 位于)
6. **lie-lied-lied-lying** (撒谎)
6. **hang-hung-hung-hanging**
7. east-eastern
8. serve-**service**
9. India-Indian

#### Unit 1 重点单词考点总结:

1. raise 和 rise 的区别: raise 是及物动词, 后面要加宾语, **有被动语态**, 表示 (**人为**) 升起某物; rise 是不及物动词, 后面没有宾语, **没有被动语态**, 表示某物**自行**上升。

如: raise the curtain                      The sun rises in the east.

2. attraction n. 向往的地方, 吸引      v. attract      adj. attractive

3. lie 躺      撒谎      lay 放置的过去式过去分词

如: He has lain there for 2 hours.

He lied to me yesterday.

An egg was laid on the ground.

4. shape      vt. 塑造

It's you who shape your future.

n. 形状      **in unusual shapes**

5. hang      **初中不考被动**

**There be sth. hanging ....**

6. take up 占据（空间）

take off 起飞，脱掉      take away 拿走（put away 收拾）      take down 写下，记下

take on 承担；呈现新面貌      turn up 调高      make up 编造

put up 搭建，举起，张贴      give up 放弃      stay up 熬夜      set up 建立

7. quarter

three quarters=three fourths

分数表达法：分子基数词，分母序数词，分子>1，分母+s

8. service

be in service=be in use 投入使用

变形：serve serve as

provide a high level of service 提供高水平的服务

9. population

疑问词用 what: What is the population of ....= How large is the population of ....

谓语用三单，形容词用 large/small: The population of China is large than that of Japanese.

10. used to do 过去曾经做某事      used to be 过去曾经是

there used to be 过去曾经有

be used to doing 习惯于做某事

be used to do 被用来做某事

Unit 1 重点词组总结：

1. in the **middle** of---/in the **south-east** of---      在--中央/在---东南

in eastern China/in the eastern part of China/in the east of China 在中国东部

2. be turned into an **attraction** /find her **attractive**      被改成一个景点/觉得她有吸引力的
3. be well worth a visit//visiting      值得参观
4. watch the **raising** of the national **flag**/raise the flag      观看升国旗仪式//升旗
5. on either/each side of --/on both sides of--      在-- 任何/每 一侧//在--两侧
6. in unusual **shapes**/an **underground** cave      以独特的形状//一个地下洞穴
7. **hang** down/ **point** upwards      倒挂/向上伸展
8. be praised as the ancient city of culture      被誉为文化古城
9. find it/it's pleasant to hire a bicycle      觉得租辆自行车是令人愉快的
10. The watchtower is open to the public.      这瞭望塔对公众开放
11. The city **state takes up** three **quarters** of the area.      这个国家城市占据四分之三的区域
12. provide a high level of service/serve the people      提供高水平服务//为人民服务
13. have the second largest **population** in the world      有世界第二大人口
14. It's **tiring** to climb the **steps**./be tired of doing sth      爬台阶是累人的/厌烦做某事
15. emperors of the Ming and Qing dynasties      明清两朝皇帝
16. What's the population of China? It's over 1.3 **billion**.      中国人口有多少?13 多亿
17. The population of China is larger than that of America.      中国人口比美国多
18. a **wonder**//wonder(want to know) 一个奇迹/想知道
20. across northern China      横跨中国北部
21. every .....      每隔.....
22. be praised as....      被赞誉为

## U2 单词词性及词形转换

1 .inventor n 发明者, 发明家 an inventor the greatest inventor in history

invent v invent my favourite food 发明了我最喜爱的食物

invention n 发明, 创意 create over 1000 inventionss 创造了 1000 多项发明

2. explorer n 探险者, 考察者 an explorer

explore v 探索, 探讨 explore outer space 探索太空

3.fighter n 斗士, 战斗者, 战斗机 a fighter for the rights of black Africans

fight v 打架, 为...而战 (fight-fought-fought) fight for freedom 为自由而战

n 打架 have a fight with sb 与某人打了一架

4. Asia Africa Europe America Italy Russia England France

Asian African European American Italian Russian English French

Germany China Japan Australia

German Chinese Japanese Australian

5. pilot n 飞行员 licence (license) n 执照, 许可照

He received his student pilot's licence when he was 16. 他 16 岁时拿到了他的飞机学员执照

6. navy n 海军 join the navy 加入海军

7. serve vi. vt.服役, 服务, 招待 serve sb

serve the people heart and soul. 全心全意为人民服务

serve as a pilot 作为一名飞行员服务 service n. 服务 be in service

8.test v 测试, 测验 test all types of aircraft 测试各种类型的飞机

n 检验 测试 pass the test

9.astronaut n 宇航员 be chosen to become an astronaut 被选为一名宇航员

10. spacecraft (单复同) 宇宙飞船, 航天器



manage to join two spacecraft together for the first time 成功将两个航天器交会对接

11. spin v 快速旋转 (spin- spun/span -spun) begin spinning 开始旋转

12. control n 控制 out of control 失去控制, 无法管理

v 控制 (control- controlled -controlled , controlling)

13. order n 命令, 指挥, 要求

receive the order to cut the flight short 收到缩短航程的命令

v 命令 order sb. (not) to do sth. 命令某人(不)做某事

14. the Pacific Ocean 太平洋 the Indian Ocean 印度洋

the Arctic Ocean 北冰洋 the Atlantic (Ocean) 大西洋

14. land vi vt (使)着落, (使)降落

land safely 安全降落 land the spacecraft on the Moon

n 陆地 on land 在陆地上 on the land 在这片土地上, 务农

16. step n 一步

One small step for (a) man , one giant leap for mankind.(一)人的一小步,人类的一大步。

vi 走, 跨步 (step-stepped)

17. surface n 表面, 表层 the Moon's surface 月球的表面

18. further (far-farther /further-farthest/furthest) adj 更多的, 更进一步的

go abroad for further study 出国进修

take back to the Earth for further research 返回地球做更深的研究

19. citizen n 公民, 市民 a US citizen

20. pride n 骄傲, 可引以为豪的人(或物) the pride of the whole world 全世界的骄傲

proud adj be proud of 以...而自豪 We are proud of our country.

21.passage n 章节, 乐段 read a passage

22. by hand 手工 wash their clothes by hand

23.scientist n 科学家 marry a French scientist

24. professor n 教授 Professor Wang 王教授

25.discovery n 发现, 发现物 the discovery of radium

26.unknown adj 未知的, 不出名的 be best known for... 最为人知的

It was brave of him to go to a place that was unknown to humans at that time .

他很勇敢, 到一个当时人类未知的地方去。

27.widely adv 广泛地, 普遍地 be widely used in hospitals 被广泛应用于医院

28.hunger n 饥饿 see people die of hunger 看到人们死于饥饿

29.happen to do sth 碰巧做某事 sth happen to sb

30. advantage n 优势 i, 有利条件

have many advantages over others 比起其他有许多优点

disadvantage 劣势

31.increase vt 增加

increase by+数字 表示具体数量增加 increase to .....增加到.....

32.production n 生产, 产量 increase rice production 增加水稻产量

33.development n development of better rice plants 发展更优良水稻植物的发展

develop v develop a good reading habit 培养好的阅读习惯

adj developed countries 发达国家 developing countries 发展中国家

## Unit2 重点词组总结:

1. widely      adv. 广泛地      open your mouth wide      English is widely used.

同 high-highly      close-closely

2. advantage      n. 优势（可数）      disadvantage      n. 劣势（可数）

3. at present      现在进行时标志词      at the moment      these days

4. do you think 做插入语      Who do you think is the greatest person in history?

在做动词填空题时，如果疑问词后面出现 do you think，可以删除后再做。

5. in history 注意不加冠词      in space 在太空中      注意不加冠词

6. 第一个做某事的人      the first man to do

某人第一次做某事      It's the first time that sb. has done....

7. further research      进一步研究      注意 research 不可数

8. the **pioneer** of China's space **technology** programme      中国太空科技项目的先锋

9. a **fighter** for the rights of South Africans all his life      一生为南非人争取权利的斗士

10. the first **European** to discover America      第一个发现美洲的欧洲人

11. take one's first flight      第一次乘飞机

12. the **pilot's licence**(a piece of paper that shows you are allowed to do sth)飞行员执照

13. **serve as** a **test pilot**/an **astronaut**(a person who travels to space)作为试飞员/宇航员服役

14. manage to join two *spacecraft* together      设法成功对接两艘宇宙飞船

15. begin *spinning*(turn round and round quickly) out of control 开始旋转失去控制

16. receive the **order** to **cut** the flight **short**      收到缩短航程的命令

17. bring --- down into the **Pacific Ocean**/ **land** --- on the Moon      使--落入太平洋/着落到月球

18. One small **step** for a man, one *giant leap* for *mankind*      个人一小步，人类一大步

19. **step** out onto the Moon's **surface**(the outside or top part of sth)跨步走到月球表面





3. smoothly (adv.) smooth (adj.)
4. iron (v.) 熨烫 be smoothly ironed 被熨烫平整 (n.) 熨斗, 铁
5. in general 大体上, 总的来说
6. satisfy (v.) 使...满足 satisfied (adj.) be satisfied with= be happy/pleased with
7. need (n.) 需要的事物, 欲望  
(v.) 需要 need sth./ need to do sth./ need sb to do sth.  
(sth.) need doing/ need to be done
8. virus (n.) 病毒 catch a virus 感染病毒
9. no longer =not... any longer=no more=not ... any more 不再
10. properly (adv.) 正确地, 适当地 work properly proper (adj.)
6. complete (adj.) 完全的, 彻底的 (v.) 完成 complete your homework
7. mess (n.) 乱七八糟 in a complete mess 一塌糊涂
8. lay (v.) 放, 搁置 lay-laid-laid lie (v.) 躺 lie-lay-lain
9. spread (v.) 使散开, 扩散 spread-spread-spread be spread all over the floor
10. remind sb of/to do sth 使某人想起某物/提醒某人做某事
11. put you through 给你接通电话
12. have it checked 检查一下它
13. contact sb 与某人联系
14. satisfied *adj.* 满意的, 满足的 be satisfied with
15. first of all 首先
16. product 产品, 成果
17. up to standard 达到标准
18. regret 后悔, 遗憾
19. post the letter for sb 帮某人寄信
27. make one's life easier make sb. heard make sb. understood
28. as well 也 as well as 以及; 和.....一样好
29. be at work 在工作
30. cause a robot not to work properly
31. have sth done have sb do sth get sb to do sth

#### Unit4 单词词性及词形转换:

1. dry-dried
2. crowd-crowded
3. pollute-pollution-polluted
4. rapid-rapidly
5. comfortable-uncomfortable-comfortably
6. taste-tasty-tastier-tastiest
7. special-specially
8. challenge-challenging
9. agree-agreement
10. possible-impossible-possibility
11. strange-stranger
12. advantage-disadvantage

#### Unit4 单词用法讲解:

- 1、crowded adj. 拥挤的 become more and more crowded and polluted  
crowd n. 人群 v. 使...拥挤
- 2、polluted adj. 被污染的 pollute v. pollution n. air pollution
- 3、rapid adj. 快地, 迅速的 rapidly adv.
- 4、increase ['ɪŋkri:s] n. the rapid increase in population  
v. increase rice production
- 5、specially adv. 专门地, 特地 be specially designed
- 6、challenging adj. 挑战性的 challenge n. 挑战 take on new challenges
- 7、at a/ the speed of 以...的速度 in the form of 以... 的形式
- 8、compare to/with 与... 相比
- 9、When he was 16 = at the age of 16.
- 10、carry out 开展, 执行 carry out a survey  
carry on with sth carry on doing sth
- 11、risk n. 风险 v 冒风险 risk doing sth. at the risk of doing take a risk of doing
- 12、after all 毕竟 in all 总计 above all 首要的是 first of all 首要的是
- 13、harm sb. 伤害某人 =do harm to sb.=be harmful to sb.
- 14、be worth sth./doing sth. 值得
- 15、a guide to living on Mars 生活在火星的指南
- 16、be similar to
- 17、entertainment n. 娱乐

### 【同步练习】

写出空缺处各单词的正确形式。

1. Amy \_\_\_\_\_ (发明) a new washing machine and it was considered useful.
2. The scientist's new book is the result of five years of \_\_\_\_\_ (研究) and another two years of writing.
3. To keep \_\_\_\_\_ (醒着), he had coffee cup after cup.
4. In the \_\_\_\_\_ (中心的) part of the city stand many modern tall buildings.
5. The police are worrying about the \_\_\_\_\_ (安全) of the 12-year-old boy who has been missing for three days.
6. Though many basketball players are tall, one does not have to be tall to \_\_\_\_\_ (成功) in NBA.
7. Two big topics of the world today are peace and \_\_\_\_\_ (发展).
8. ---May I talk to the sales manager?  
---Just a minute. I will put you \_\_\_\_\_ .
9. ---Sorry I'm late again. The traffic is really bad.  
---You'd better arrive here on \_\_\_\_\_ tomorrow.
10. ---I can't stand the long line any more and I want to leave.  
---Please be more \_\_\_\_\_ . We all need to wait for our turn.

### 【答案】

**invented, research, awake, central, safety, succeed,  
development, through, time, patient**

### 词汇运用

1. We are considering \_\_\_\_\_ (取消) the meeting this Friday because of the snowstorm.
2. The sweater made of wool feels soft and \_\_\_\_\_ (光滑).
3. This kind of disease \_\_\_\_\_ (传播) so quickly that it drew the government's attention.
4. His \_\_\_\_\_ (私人的) papers were spread all over ground .
5. There are no \_\_\_\_\_ (电池) at home, so I must go to the store to get some.
6. All the audience were \_\_\_\_\_ (complete) moved after watching the one-hour documentary film "Thirty-two".
7. The students are \_\_\_\_\_ (sure) about the new word's pronunciation. They are looking it up in the

dictionary.

8. He \_\_\_\_\_(regret) putting her through and caused a lot of problems.

9.It was such a \_\_\_\_\_ (tired) journey that everyone felt uncomfortable.

10.How could you be so \_\_\_\_\_(forget) at such a young age?

**【答案】**

**1.cancelling    2.smooth    3.spread    4.private    5.batteries    6.completely    7.unsure**

**8.regretted    9.tiring    10.forgetful**

**词汇运用**

1.We are considering \_\_\_\_\_(取消) the meeting this Friday because of the snowstorm.

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**【答案】**



1.cancelling 2.smooth 3.spread 4.private 5.batteries 6.completely 7.unsure  
8.regretted 9.tiring 10.forgetful

### 词汇运用

A) 根据括号中所给的汉语写出单词, 使句子意思完整正确。

1. \_\_\_\_\_ (比较) with his sister, he works harder.
2. There is one \_\_\_\_\_ (可能性) of changing jobs.
3. We need \_\_\_\_\_ (增加) in money.
4. The Moon \_\_\_\_\_ (围绕) the Earth.
5. The world is changing very \_\_\_\_\_ (迅速地).

B) 根据句子意思, 用括号中所给单词的适当形式填空。

6. Some robots are \_\_\_\_\_ (special) designed to do housework for us.
7. When the old woman got on the bus, one of the \_\_\_\_\_ (passenger) gave his seat to her.
8. They felt \_\_\_\_\_ (comfortable) because there was too much noise outside.
9. The restaurant next door offered cheap and \_\_\_\_\_ (taste) food.
10. They didn't come to an \_\_\_\_\_ (agree) yesterday.

C) 根据句子意思, 用括号中所给动词的适当形式填空。

11. Why don't wild animals have enough \_\_\_\_\_ (live) areas?
12. The farmer kept \_\_\_\_\_ (work) on the farmland.
13. If he finds the Monkey Hill, he \_\_\_\_\_ (have) fun there.
14. How much time do baby giant pandas spend \_\_\_\_\_ (drink) their mothers' milk every day?
15. Now most users have a computer \_\_\_\_\_ (connect) to the Internet.

### 【答案】

- |              |                |                  |              |               |
|--------------|----------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. Compared  | 2. possibility | 3. increases     | 4. circles   | 5. rapidly    |
| 6. specially | 7. passengers  | 8. uncomfortable | 9. tasty     | 10. agreement |
| 11. living   | 12. working    | 13. will have    | 14. drinking | 15. connected |

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