

阅读短文，从方框中选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空，使短文通顺、意思完整。每空限填一词，每词限用一次。

fifteen, be, wear, at, share, happy, but,  
music, give, all

Laura is from America. 1 she lives in China now. She 2 a student in a middle school and she has many good friends at school.

Today is a very special day for Laura, because it's her 3 birthday and her friends have a birthday party for her. Michael knows Laura loves 4 and often spends a lot of time singing after school. So he 5 a concert ticket of Taylor Swift to her. Laura likes it very much. Nancy is good 6 cooking (烹饪). She plans to make a big birthday cake for her. Laura really likes the cake because sweet food is her favourite. What does Danny buy for Laura? He chooses a silk dress for Laura. She likes 7 dresses.

At the party, 8 her friends say "Happy Birthday" to her. Then Laura cuts the birthday cake and 9 it with her friends. After that, they play some interesting games.

Everyone has a good time at the party. It's really a 10 day for Laura. She won't (将不) forget it.

**整体分析：** 文章大意：本文主要讲述了Laura的生日到了，她的朋友为她举办了一个生日聚会，并给她送了一些礼物。

可沿着虚线剪开

## 参考答案与解析

**答案：** but, is, fifteen, music, gives, at, wear, all, share, happy

### 解析：

根据短文的内容和语境，逐个填入适当的单词：

1. 'but' 表示转折，说明她现在住在中国。
2. 'is' 是系动词，表明Laura是学生。
3. 'fifteen' 说明她是15岁。
4. 'music' 与Laura喜欢唱歌的兴趣相符。
5. 'gives' 应该用第三人称单数形式，表示Michael送了礼物。
6. 'at' 用于表示“在学校”。
7. 'wear' 用于描述穿衣的动作。
8. 'all' 表示“所有人”，指的是她的朋友。
9. 'share' 用于表示“分享蛋糕”。
10. 'happy' 是形容词，表示“高兴的”，符合语境。

通过这些单词的搭配，短文的意思变得完整且流畅。

**考点总结：** 词汇运用与语境理解