

## 人教新目标版九年级全册 Unit3 单元词汇综合运用精练

### 一、根据句子中首字母提示完成填空 (30 小题)

1. Could you please tell me where the r\_\_\_\_\_ are? I need to wash my hands.
2. There is a big s\_\_\_\_\_ near our school. We often buy snacks there.
3. My father likes reading newspapers in the c\_\_\_\_\_ every morning.
4. You can get some information about the city from the i\_\_\_\_\_ desk in the hotel.
5. The bank is on your left. You can't m\_\_\_\_\_ it.
6. Let's go to the c\_\_\_\_\_ to see a movie this weekend.
7. The street is very b\_\_\_\_\_ on weekends. There are many people.
8. Please p\_\_\_\_\_ your car in the parking lot over there.
9. I want to send this letter. Is there a p\_\_\_\_\_ office near here?
10. The restaurant is on the c\_\_\_\_\_ of Main Street and Center Street.
11. You should ask for d\_\_\_\_\_ if you don't know the way.
12. We need to buy some fruit. Let's go to the m\_\_\_\_\_.
13. The old man often sits on the b\_\_\_\_\_ in the park to rest.
14. There is a big h\_\_\_\_\_ in our city. It can hold 2,000 people.
15. The teacher told us to be q\_\_\_\_\_ in the library.
16. You can take the e\_\_\_\_\_ to the third floor. It's faster than the stairs.
17. My mother works in a b\_\_\_\_\_. She helps people save money.
18. The s\_\_\_\_\_ in this shop is very good. The workers are friendly.
19. There is a new b\_\_\_\_\_ near the park. Many people live there.
20. Let's meet at the e\_\_\_\_\_ of the cinema at 7:00 p.m.
21. The little girl is afraid of the d\_\_\_\_\_ streets at night.
22. You can find a lot of books in the b\_\_\_\_\_ on the second floor.
23. The hotel p\_\_\_\_\_ a free breakfast for its guests.
24. We need to buy a t\_\_\_\_\_ for the train before we leave.
25. The park is a good place to r\_\_\_\_\_ after a busy day.
26. There is a big m\_\_\_\_\_ in the city center. It has many stores.

27. Please f\_\_\_\_\_ me. I'll show you the way to the museum.
28. The bank is o\_\_\_\_\_ from the post office. They are across the street.
29. You can buy some flowers in the flower s\_\_\_\_\_ next to the bank.
30. The students are waiting for the school bus at the bus s\_\_\_\_\_.

二、用括号里单词的正确形式完成句子 (35 小题)

1. Could you please tell me how \_\_\_\_\_ (get) to the nearest hospital?
2. I suggest \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) the museum on weekends. It's very interesting.
3. The teacher told us \_\_\_\_\_ (be) quiet in the reading room.
4. Do you know if there \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a bookstore around here?
5. He is looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) his old friend in the park.
6. It's polite \_\_\_\_\_ (say) "thank you" when someone helps you.
7. The sign says "No \_\_\_\_\_ (smoke)". Please put out your cigarette.
8. I wonder where \_\_\_\_\_ (park) my car. The parking lot is full.
9. She asked me \_\_\_\_\_ (not wait) for her because she might be late.
10. There are many \_\_\_\_\_ (bench) in the park for people to sit on.
11. The \_\_\_\_\_ (direct) of the movie is very famous. He made many good films.
12. It's \_\_\_\_\_ (polite) to talk loudly in the library.
13. My brother is good at \_\_\_\_\_ (give) directions to people.
14. We need \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) some snacks before the party starts.
15. Do you know the \_\_\_\_\_ (speak) who is giving a speech on the stage?
16. The little boy is afraid of \_\_\_\_\_ (walk) alone in the dark.
17. Could you please \_\_\_\_\_ (tell) me when the next bus arrives?
18. There are two \_\_\_\_\_ (toilet) on the first floor of the building.
19. She suggested \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the new restaurant for dinner.
20. It's important \_\_\_\_\_ (follow) the traffic rules when crossing the street.
21. The \_\_\_\_\_ (center) park is a popular place for people to exercise.
22. I don't know how \_\_\_\_\_ (solve) this problem. Can you help me?
23. They are planning \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a picnic in the park next Sunday.
24. The \_\_\_\_\_ (staff) in the hotel are very kind and helpful.

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25. Would you mind \_\_\_\_\_ (open) the window? It's a bit hot in here.
  26. He is trying \_\_\_\_\_ (find) a good job in this city.
  27. There are many \_\_\_\_\_ (different) between the two cities.
  28. The guide gave us some \_\_\_\_\_ (suggest) on where to visit.
  29. It's easy \_\_\_\_\_ (get) lost in a big city if you don't have a map.
  30. My sister enjoys \_\_\_\_\_ (read) in the bookstore near our home.
  31. Could you tell me the \_\_\_\_\_ (locate) of the nearest subway station?
  32. They decided \_\_\_\_\_ (take) a taxi to the airport to save time.
  33. The \_\_\_\_\_ (help) girl showed the old man the way to the hospital.
  34. I wonder if you \_\_\_\_\_ (can) help me carry this heavy box.
  35. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ (fly) to Beijing at 3:00 p.m. tomorrow.

三、用括号里中文提示及句意完成句子 (35 小题)

1. Excuse me, could you please tell me where I can \_\_\_\_\_ (换钱)?
2. The \_\_\_\_\_ (书店) is on the second floor of the shopping mall.
3. You can \_\_\_\_\_ (咨询) the police if you don't know the way.
4. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ (公共的) telephone in the corner of the street.
5. The hotel is \_\_\_\_\_ (在.....旁边) the park. You can walk there.
6. Let's \_\_\_\_\_ (出发) early tomorrow morning to avoid the traffic jam.
7. The \_\_\_\_\_ (职工) in the restaurant are wearing blue uniforms.
8. You need to \_\_\_\_\_ (排队) when waiting for the bus.
9. The \_\_\_\_\_ (购物中心) is a good place to go shopping on weekends.
10. Could you please \_\_\_\_\_ (指给) me the way to the nearest bank?
11. There is a \_\_\_\_\_ (洗手间) at the end of the corridor.
12. The museum is \_\_\_\_\_ (在.....对面) the post office.
13. We should be \_\_\_\_\_ (有礼貌的) when asking for help.
14. The \_\_\_\_\_ (地铁) station is about 10 minutes' walk from here.

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15. You can \_\_\_\_\_ (购买) some souvenirs in this store.
16. The \_\_\_\_\_ (广场) is a popular place for people to dance.
17. Please \_\_\_\_\_ (跟随) me. I'll take you to the meeting room.
18. The \_\_\_\_\_ (图书馆) is open from 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.
19. You can \_\_\_\_\_ (停放) your car in the parking lot over there.
20. The \_\_\_\_\_ (电影院) will show a new movie this Friday.
21. The \_\_\_\_\_ (医院) is not far from here. You can go there on foot.
22. Let's meet at the \_\_\_\_\_ (入口) of the park at 10:00 a.m.
23. You need to \_\_\_\_\_ (支付) for the tickets before entering the museum.
24. The \_\_\_\_\_ (银行) opens at 9:00 a.m. and closes at 5:00 p.m.
25. Could you please tell me how to \_\_\_\_\_ (到达) the railway station?
26. The \_\_\_\_\_ (咖啡馆) is a good place to relax and chat with friends.
27. You can \_\_\_\_\_ (获取) information about the city from the tourist center.
28. The \_\_\_\_\_ (街道) is very clean and beautiful in this area.
29. The \_\_\_\_\_ (公园) is full of people on weekends.
30. Please \_\_\_\_\_ (记住) to lock the door when you leave the room.
31. The \_\_\_\_\_ (超市) sells a variety of food and daily necessities.
32. You can take the \_\_\_\_\_ (电梯) to the fifth floor.
33. The \_\_\_\_\_ (车站) is crowded with people during rush hours.
34. The \_\_\_\_\_ (书店) has a large collection of English books.
35. Could you please \_\_\_\_\_ (告诉我) if there is a hotel near here?

四、根据短文内容及括号里单词的正确形式填空。

短文 1

When you visit a new city, it's important to know how to ask for help politely. For example, you might want \_\_\_\_\_ (find) a good restaurant or a bank. You can start by saying "Excuse me" before \_\_\_\_\_ (ask) your question. It's also polite \_\_\_\_\_ (use) phrases like "Could you please...?" or "Do you know...?"

If you get lost, don't worry. You can ask a police officer or a local person for directions. They will be happy \_\_\_\_\_ (help) you. Remember \_\_\_\_\_ (thank) them after they give you help.

Another thing to remember is that some places have special rules. For example, in libraries, you must \_\_\_\_\_ (be) quiet. In some restaurants, you need \_\_\_\_\_ (wait) for a waiter to show you to a table. By following these rules, you will have a pleasant trip.

## 短文 2

My friend Lisa is visiting my city next week. I plan \_\_\_\_\_ (show) her around. First, we will go to the central park. It's a good place \_\_\_\_\_ (relax) and enjoy the sunshine. There are many \_\_\_\_\_ (bench) where we can sit and chat.

Next, we will visit the city museum. It has a lot of interesting \_\_\_\_\_ (exhibit). After that, we want \_\_\_\_\_ (try) the local food in a famous restaurant. The restaurant \_\_\_\_\_ (be) on Main Street, across from the post office.

In the evening, we might go to the cinema. There \_\_\_\_\_ (be) a new movie that Lisa wants to see. I think she \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a great time here. I'm looking forward to \_\_\_\_\_ (meet) her.

## Unit3 单元词汇综合运用精练答案解析

### 一、根据句子中首字母提示完成填空。

1. restrooms 解析：根据“I need to wash my hands”（我需要洗手）可知，此处指洗手间，“restrooms”符合语境，且 be 动词为 are，所以用复数形式。
2. store/shop 解析：由“We often buy snacks there”（我们经常在那里买零食）可知，这里是一个商店，“store”或“shop”都表示商店的意思。
3. coffee shop/café 解析：“reading newspapers”（读报纸）通常会在咖啡馆这类地方，“coffee shop”或“café”都可表示咖啡馆。
4. information 解析：酒店里提供城市信息的地方是咨询台，“information desk”为固定搭配，意为咨询台。
5. miss 解析：前句说银行在左边，所以是不会错过的，“miss”有错过的意思，情态动词 can 后接动词原形。
6. cinema 解析：“see a movie”（看电影）的地点是电影院，“cinema”表示电影院。
7. busy 解析：“There are many people”（有很多人）说明街道很繁忙，“busy”意为繁忙的。
8. park 解析：“in the parking lot”（在停车场）提示此处是停车，“park”作动词有停车的意思，祈使句用动词原形。



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9. post 解析: “send this letter” (寄信) 需要去邮局, “post office”是邮局的固定表达。
10. corner 解析: “of Main Street and Center Street” (在主街和中心街的……), 结合语境是拐角处, “corner”意为拐角。
11. directions 解析: “if you don’t know the way” (如果你不知道路) 应该问路, “ask for directions”是问路的固定搭配, 用复数形式。
12. market 解析: “buy some fruit” (买水果) 通常去市场, “market”表示市场。
13. bench 解析: “sits...to rest” (坐下来休息) 的地方是长椅, “bench”意为长椅, 此处用单数形式即可。
14. hall 解析: “hold 2,000 people” (容纳 2000 人) 的大地方可以是大厅, “hall”表示大厅。
15. quiet 解析: 图书馆里需要保持安静, “be quiet”是保持安静的意思。
16. elevator/escalator 解析: “to the third floor. It’s faster than the stairs” (到三楼, 比楼梯快), 电梯或自动扶梯符合, “elevator”或“escalator”均可。
17. bank 解析: “helps people save money” (帮助人们存钱) 的地方是银行, “bank”表示银行。
18. service 解析: “The workers are friendly” (员工很友好) 说明服务好, “service”意为服务。
19. building 解析: “Many people live there” (很多人住在那里) 的地方是建筑物, “building”表示建筑物。
20. entrance 解析: “meet at...of the cinema” (在电影院的……见面), 入口处符合语境, “entrance”意为入口。
21. dark 解析: “afraid of...streets at night” (害怕晚上的……街道), 黑暗的道路符合, “dark”意为黑暗的。
22. bookstore/library 解析: “find a lot of books” (找到很多书) 的地方是书店或图书馆, “bookstore”或“library”均可。
23. provides 解析: 酒店为客人提供免费早餐, “provide...for...”是提供的固定搭配, 主语 “the hotel”是第三人称单数, 所以用“provides”。
24. ticket 解析: “for the train” (为火车) 需要买火车票, “ticket”表示票。
25. relax 解析: 公园是忙碌一天后放松的好地方, “relax”意为放松, 动词不定式符号 to 后接动词原形。
26. mall 解析: “has many stores” (有很多商店) 的地方是购物中心, “mall”表示购物中心。
27. follow 解析: “I’ll show you the way” (我给你带路) 所以是跟着我, “follow”意为跟随, 祈使句用动词原形。
28. opposite 解析: “across the street” (在街对面) 说明银行在邮局对面, “opposite”意为在……对面。
29. shop/store 解析: “buy some flowers” (买花) 的地方是花店, “flower shop/store”表示花店。
30. station/stop 解析: “waiting for the school bus” (等校车) 的地方是公交站, “bus station/stop”表示公交站。

## 二、用括号里单词的正确形式完成句子。

1. to get 解析: “how+动词不定式”作宾语, 所以填“to get”。
2. visiting 解析: “suggest doing sth.”是固定用法, 意为建议做某事, 所以填“visiting”。

3. to be 解析: “tell sb. to do sth.”是固定搭配, 意为告诉某人做某事, 所以填“to be”。
  4. is 解析: “if”引导的宾语从句, 主语“a bookstore”是单数, 所以 be 动词用“is”。
  5. meeting 解析: “look forward to doing sth.”是固定用法, 意为期待做某事, 所以填“meeting”。
  6. to say 解析: “It’s polite to do sth.”是固定句型, 意为做某事是有礼貌的, 所以填“to say”。
  7. smoking 解析: “No smoking”是固定表达, 意为禁止吸烟, 所以填“smoking”。
  8. to park 解析: “where+动词不定式”作宾语, 所以填“to park”。
  9. not to wait 解析: “ask sb. not to do sth.”是固定搭配, 意为让某人不要做某事, 所以填“not to wait”。
  10. benches 解析: “many”后接可数名词复数, “bench”的复数形式是“benches”。
  11. director 解析: 定冠词“the”后接名词, “direct”的名词形式是“director”(导演)。
  12. impolite 解析: 在图书馆大声说话是不礼貌的, “polite”的反义词是“impolite”。
  13. giving 解析: “be good at doing sth.”是固定用法, 意为擅长做某事, 所以填“giving”。
  14. to buy 解析: “need to do sth.”是固定用法, 意为需要做某事, 所以填“to buy”。
  15. speaker 解析: 定冠词“the”后接名词, 指正在演讲的人, “speak”的名词形式是“speaker”(演讲者)。
  16. walking 解析: “be afraid of doing sth.”是固定用法, 意为害怕做某事, 所以填“walking”。
  17. tell 解析: “Could you please+动词原形”是固定句型, 所以填“tell”。
  18. toilets 解析: “two”后接可数名词复数, “toilet”的复数形式是“toilets”。
  19. going 解析: “suggest doing sth.”是固定用法, 所以填“going”。
  20. to follow 解析: “It’s important to do sth.”是固定句型, 意为做某事是重要的, 所以填“to follow”。
  21. central 解析: 修饰名词“park”用形容词, “center”的形容词形式是“central”(中心的)。
  22. to solve 解析: “how+动词不定式”作宾语, 所以填“to solve”。
  23. to have 解析: “plan to do sth.”是固定用法, 意为计划做某事, 所以填“to have”。
  24. staff 解析: “staff”是集体名词, 本身表示复数概念, 所以填“staff”。
  25. opening 解析: “mind doing sth.”是固定用法, 意为介意做某事, 所以填“opening”。
  26. to find 解析: “try to do sth.”是固定用法, 意为尽力做某事, 所以填“to find”。
  27. differences 解析: “many”后接可数名词复数, “different”的名词形式是“differences”。
  28. suggestions 解析: “some”后接名词, “suggest”的名词形式是“suggestion”, 复数形式是“suggestions”。
  29. to get 解析: “It’s easy to do sth.”是固定句型, 意为做某事是容易的, 所以填“to get”。
  30. reading 解析: “enjoy doing sth.”是固定用法, 意为喜欢做某事, 所以填“reading”。
  31. location 解析: 定冠词“the”后接名词, “locate”的名词形式是“location”(位置)。
  32. to take 解析: “decide to do sth.”是固定用法, 意为决定做某事, 所以填“to take”。
  33. helpful 解析: 修饰名词“girl”用形容词, “help”的形容词形式是“helpful”(乐于助人的)。
  34. can 解析: “if”引导的宾语从句, 用陈述语序, 所以填“can”。
  35. flight 解析: 不定冠词“a”后接名词, “fly”的名词形式是“flight”(航班)。
- 三、用括号里中文提示及句意完成句子。

1. exchange money 解析：“换钱”对应的英文是“exchange money”，情态动词 can 后接动词原形。
2. bookstore 解析：“书店”的英文是“bookstore”。
3. consult 解析：“咨询”的英文是“consult”，情态动词 can 后接动词原形。
4. public 解析：“公共的”的英文是“public”。
5. beside 解析：“在……旁边”的英文是“beside”。
6. set off 解析：“出发”的英文是“set off”，祈使句用动词原形。
7. staff 解析：“职工”的英文是“staff”，此处表示复数概念。
8. wait in line 解析：“排队”的英文是“wait in line”，情态动词 need to 后接动词原形。
9. shopping mall 解析：“购物中心”的英文是“shopping mall”。
10. point out 解析：“指给”的英文是“point out”，情态动词 could 后接动词原形。
11. restroom/toilet 解析：“洗手间”的英文是“restroom”或“toilet”。
12. opposite 解析：“在……对面”的英文是“opposite”。
13. polite 解析：“有礼貌的”的英文是“polite”。
14. subway 解析：“地铁”的英文是“subway”。
15. buy 解析：“购买”的英文是“buy”，情态动词 can 后接动词原形。
16. square 解析：“广场”的英文是“square”。
17. follow 解析：“跟随”的英文是“follow”，祈使句用动词原形。
18. library 解析：“图书馆”的英文是“library”。
19. park 解析：“停放”的英文是“park”，情态动词 can 后接动词原形。
20. cinema 解析：“电影院”的英文是“cinema”。
21. hospital 解析：“医院”的英文是“hospital”。
22. entrance 解析：“入口”的英文是“entrance”。
23. pay 解析：“支付”的英文是“pay”，情态动词 need to 后接动词原形。
24. bank 解析：“银行”的英文是“bank”。
25. reach 解析：“到达”的英文是“reach”，“how to”后接动词原形。
26. café/coffee shop 解析：“咖啡馆”的英文是“café”或“coffee shop”。
27. get 解析：“获取”的英文是“get”，情态动词 can 后接动词原形。
28. street 解析：“街道”的英文是“street”。
29. park 解析：“公园”的英文是“park”。
30. remember 解析：“记住”的英文是“remember”，祈使句用动词原形。
31. supermarket 解析：“超市”的英文是“supermarket”。
32. elevator/escalator 解析：“电梯”的英文是“elevator”或“escalator”。
33. station 解析：“车站”的英文是“station”。
34. bookstore 解析：“书店”的英文是“bookstore”。
35. tell me 解析：“告诉我”的英文是“tell me”，情态动词 could 后接动词原形。

#### 四、根据短文内容及括号里单词的正确形式填空。

##### 短文 1

1. to find 解析：“want to do sth.”是固定用法，意为想要做某事，所以填“to find”。
2. asking 解析：“before”是介词，后接动名词，所以填“asking”。
3. to use 解析：“It's polite to do sth.”是固定句型，所以填“to use”。
4. to help 解析：“be happy to do sth.”是固定用法，意为乐意做某事，所以填“to help”。



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5. to thank 解析：“remember to do sth.”是固定用法，意为记得做某事，所以填“to thank”。
  6. be 解析：“must”是情态动词，后接动词原形，所以填“be”。
  7. to wait 解析：“need to do sth.”是固定用法，所以填“to wait”。

#### 短文 2

1. to show 解析：“plan to do sth.”是固定用法，所以填“to show”。
2. to relax 解析：“a good place to do sth.”表示做某事的好地方，所以填“to relax”。
3. benches 解析：“many”后接可数名词复数，“bench”的复数形式是“benches”。
4. exhibits 解析：“a lot of”后接可数名词复数，“exhibit”的复数形式是“exhibits”（展品）。
5. to try 解析：“want to do sth.”是固定用法，所以填“to try”。
6. is 解析：主语“the restaurant”是单数，所以 be 动词用“is”。
7. is 解析：“a new movie”是单数，所以 be 动词用“is”。
8. will have 解析：根据语境，此处表示将来的动作，用一般将来时，所以填“will have”。
9. meeting 解析：“look forward to doing sth.”是固定用法，所以填“meeting”。

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