

2016 年山东省滕州市鲍沟中学九年级英语上学期期末模拟试（二）

一、阅读理解（共 3 小题）

1. 阅读下面短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项。A

We can see them every day, on every street corner, on every construction site (建筑工地) in cities. They work day and night in the terrible working conditions and weather. They build the roads, the theaters, the cinemas, and the supermarkets. They' re China' s migrant workers.

More than 140 million workers have left their homes to look for job in cities. They hope to be rich, but they realize they have many problems making money. And one of the problems is the pride and discrimination (歧视) from the people in cities.

When night falls, I can see the sad faces of the migrant workers everywhere. You can see them playing cards along the streets. Many are living far away from where they are.

I can sometimes feel their pain, knowing exactly what it feels like to live so far away from home in a city where I walk a different walk and talk a different talk.

Yes, they dress differently and speak differently. Different habits, but they work hard. The people in cities regard them as outsiders, and most

governments refuse to give them medical care and public schooling for their children.

So many things need to be changed. The first is discrimination! They may not make as much money as some people in cities, they may not have everything we have, but they are honest. They are very important and necessary to China's economic development and have become an important force for the change of Chinese society. They're building the new China. So we should help them with our hands.

1. The writer thinks _____ are building the new China.

- A. the factory owners of China
- B. the business men and women
- C. the migrant workers of China
- D. the people in Chinese cities

2. Which is the best title for the third and fourth paragraph?

- A. Morning forward
- B. The discrimination from the people in cities
- C. How to make more money
- D. A lonely life

3. The words "migrant workers" mean _____.

A. 房地产开发商

B. IT 业人才

C. 农民工

D. 下岗工人

4. Which one is WRONG about China' s migrant workers?

A. They should be helped by us.

B. More than 1.4 billion migrant workers have been in cities.

C. They are not welcomed by the people in cities.

D. They are refused to give medical care by the governments.

5. What does the report mainly tell us?

A. Though migrant workers work hard, their condition is bad.

B. The condition of the migrant workers needs to be changed.

C. The people in cities aren' t polite to the migrant workers.

D. China' s development only depends on the migrant workers.

2. 阅读下面短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项。

There was a man who had a little son. He loved him very much. Every day after work the man would come home and play with the little boy.

When the man came home from work one night, he found that he had some extra work to do. And he wasn't able to play with his little son. He wanted to give the boy something to keep him busy. So, looking around his study, he saw a magazine with a large map of the world on the cover. He got an idea. He patiently tore the map up into pieces. Then he led his son into the dining room and spread the pieces on the table. He explained to the boy that it was a map of the world. He told the boy to put it back together and they could play together when he finished. Surely this could keep the child busy for hours, he thought.

After about thirty minutes, the boy came to the man and said, "Okay, it's finished, Dad. Can we play now?"

The man was surprised, saying, "That's amazing! How did you do that?" The boy said, "It was easy. On the back of the page was a picture of a man. When I put the man together, the whole world appeared completely. "

1. Why couldn't the man play with his son that night?

- A. He had to read a magazine.
- B. He had some extra work to do.
- C. He had to learn something about a map.
- D. He had to stay at his office for extra work.

2. What did the man ask his son to do?

- A. To read the magazine to find the map.

- B. To tear the map of the world up into pieces.
 - C. To put the pieces of the map of the world back together.
 - D. To clean the dining room first, and then read the map of the world.
3. How long did it take the boy to finish the work?
- A. A few hours.
 - B. About an hour.
 - C. About half an hour.
 - D. The whole night.
4. Which of the following is TRUE about the passage?
- A. It's a report about a father's extra work.
 - B. It's a story between a father and his clever son.
 - C. It's an advertisement for the map of the world.
 - D. It's a poster about how to deal with parents' problems.

3. 阅读下面短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项。

There are two mice. They are called Bill and Paul. They are good friends. One mouse lives in the country; the other mouse lives in the city. On a sunny day they meet in the street.

Paul: Hi, Bill! Have a look at my house in the country. I'm sure you can enjoy yourself.

Bill: I'd love to. But I hear that the food is not delicious, and your house is not good. Is it so?

Paul: No, that's not true. Go and see!

Then Bill goes to the countryside with Paul.

Bill: Why do you live in a hole in the field? You should come and live in the city. You would live in a nice house made of stone. You would have better food to eat. You must come and see me at my house in the city.

Paul: Thanks! Maybe you are right. I'll visit your house one day.

Several days later Paul goes to Bill's house in the city. The house is big and beautiful. They are sitting in the sitting-room, having a big dinner comfortably. Suddenly, there a great noise.

Bill: Run! Run! The cat is coming!

Paul: Oh, no! It's terrible! Both the house and the food are nice, but I do not like living in the city. I enjoy living in my hole in the field, for it is nice to be poor but happy than to be rich but afraid.

1. What the relationship between Bill and Paul?

A. They are friends.

B. They are relatives.

C. They are brothers.

D. They are neighbors.

2. Where does Bill live?

A. In the hole.

B. In the country.

C. In the city.

D. In the field.

3. What does the underlined word several mean?

A. Few.

B. A few.

C. A little

D. Many

4. Why does Paul hate living in the city?

A. Because he likes to be rich.

B. Because he likes to be poor.

C. Because the house in the city is big and beautiful.

D. Because he enjoys happiness.

5. Which is the best title?

A. The City Mouse and the Country Mouse

B. Two friends

C. Two Beautiful Mice

D. The Country and they City

二、完形填空（共1小题）

4. 阅读下面短文，掌握其大意，然后从各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

A passenger (乘客) told an air hostess (空姐) that he needed a cup of water to take medicine when the plane just took off. She told him that she would bring him the 1 soon. Twenty minutes 2 , when the passenger' s ring for service sounded, the air hostess realized it at once. She was kept so busy that she 3 to bring him the water. Therefore, the passenger was held up (延迟) to take his medicine. She hurried over to him with a cup of water, but he 4 it. In the following hours on the flight, 5 time the air hostess passed the passenger, she would ask him with a smile 6 he needed help or not. But the passenger never 7 her words. When he was going to get off the 8 , the passenger asked the air hostess to hand him the passengers' booklet (意见簿). She was very 9 . She knew that he would write down sharp words, which might make her 10 the job. 11 with a smile she handed it to him. Off the plane, she 12 the booklet, and

cracked a smile, for the passenger put it, “On the flight, you asked me if I needed help for twelve times_____13_____. How can I refuse_____14_____ twelve sincere smiles?”

That' s right! It was the twelve smiles of the air hostess that touched (感动) the passenger 15 and of course she wouldn' t lose her job!

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| 1. A. milk | B. juice | C. coffee | |
| D. water | | | |
| 2. A. late | B. later | C. ago | |
| D. after | | | |
| 3. A. remembered | B. forgot | C. wanted | D. learned |
| 4. A. accepted | B. took | C. refused | |
| D. received | | | |
| 5. A. some | B. either | C. another | |
| D. each | | | |
| 6. A. why | B. when | C. whether | |
| D. how | | | |
| 7. A. paid attention to | B. thought of | C. heard | |
| D. worried about | | | |
| 8. A. coach | B. bus | C. train | |
| D. plane | | | |

9. A. happy

B. cheerful

C. sad

D. excited

10. A. lose

B. loses

C. losing

D. lost

11. A. And

B. So

C. Then

D. But

12. A. opened

B. closed

C. destroyed

D. hid

13. A. at all

B. in all

C. of

all

D. all over

14. A. her

B. your

C. their

D. our

15. A. peacefully

B. comfortably

C. deeply

D. slowly

三、单词拼写（共1小题）

5. 根据句意和提示写出单词，完成句子。

1. The little boys always _____ (拒绝) to do so much homework every day.

2. —Who is the woman _____ (争论) with? —Her husband, I think.

3. Lucy and Lily are twins, but they don't have _____ (相似的) hobbies.

4. Peter has had his bicycle _____ (修理).

5. Which TV set should I choose? It' s hard for me to make a _____ (决定) .
6. Our teacher is e_____ . She never feels tired.
7. She o_____ me some new books yesterday, but I didn' t accept them .
8. He doubted w_____ I finished my homework by myself.
9. Can you p_____ me to buy me a new bike if I get first in the race. mum?
10. To tell the t_____, I pay no attention to the people who laughs at you .
11. The boy looked_____ (sad) at his mother.
12. The boy decided to ask the man for _____ (wise).
13. I' m looking forward to _____ (relax) for some time.
14. My father has just had his____ (forty) birthday
15. He has some difficulty _____ (wear) clothes by himself because his arms were hurt.

四、翻译（共 1 小题）

6. 根据所给提示将下列各句译成英语。

1. 这张照片使我想起了我的童年。

The old photo _____ me _____ my childhood.

2. 那些建议对我们有很大的价值。

_____ are _____ to us.

3. 这小女孩别无选择只好向警方寻求帮助。

The little girl _____ to ask the police for help .

4. 这个故事很值得听。

The story_____.

5. 我们英语老师对我们要求很严格。

Our English teacher _____.

五、信息匹配（共 1 小题）

7. 根据短文内容，从短文后的选项（A、B、C、D、E、F 和 G）中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项，选项中有两项为多余选项。

A: Sorry I' m late, Alice.

B: It' s all right, Rose. 1.

A: to the Lost & Found - I lost my mobile phone.

B: 2. What happened?

A: After I had dinner with a friend, I went out for a walk. I was about ready to call my mother when I realized I couldn' t find it anywhere.

B: 3. I hope that someone will pick it up and call you.

A: 4. Who know...well...when is the movie going to begin?

B: At 7:00 pm. That' s 15 minutes from now. We don' t have enough time to get there.

A: 5.

B: OK. Let' s

go.

A. Never mind.	B. What bad luck!
C. Where have you been?	D. What should we do then?
E. Oh, I'm so sorry to hear that.	F. Then let's go to the cinema by taxi.
G. I hope so, but I guess that someone else stole it.	

六、短文改错（共 1 小题）

9. 假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误。每句中最多有两处。错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号^，并在其下面写出该增加的词。删除：把多余的词用 (/) 划掉。修改：在错的词下画一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词

注意：1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词，

Students these days often have a lot of worry. Sometimes they have problems with their schoolwork, and sometimes with their friends. How can they deal these problems? Laura Mills, the teenager from London, says, “I think talking to someone help a lot. If we talk to someone, we’ ll certainly feel better than we don't. ” Laura once loses her wallet, and worried for days. She was afraid to tell her parents about it for several days. In the end, she talked to her parents and we were really understanding. They got her a new wallet and asked her to be most more careful. “I will always remember share my problems in the future!” Laura says. Robert Hunt advises students about common problems. He thinks the first step is to find someone you trust to talk to. In English, we say that sharing a problem is like cut it in half. So you’ re halfway to solve a problem just by talking to someone about it.

七、书面表达（共 1 小题）

8. 你是一名中学生，想成为国际动物救助中心“International Animal Helpers”（IAH）的一名志愿者，请你用英文写一封自荐信。

内容要点如下：

1. 能参加周末活动；
2. 从家乘地铁到“中心”约十分钟；
3. 喜爱动物，愿意帮助他们；
4. 懂一点医学知识；
5. 补充一两点个人信息和想法。

注意：

1. 文中不得透露个人姓名和学校名称；
2. 词数：60—80
3. 不得逐条翻译，内容要连贯得体；
4. 信的开头和结尾已给出，不计入总词数。

参考词汇：

subway n. 地铁 volunteer n. 志愿者 medical adj. 医学的

Dear Sir / Madam,

My name is Li Ming,

[illegible]

Looking forward to your reply.

Yours sincerely,

Li Ming

答案部分

1. 考点：社会现象类阅读

试题解析：解析过程：

本文讲述农民工的故事，他们背井离乡，努力工作，建造了我们生活的这个城市的一切，却受人歧视，甚至政府都不给他们医疗护理，不让他们的孩子读公立学校。作者提出许多事都需要被改变，首先就是歧视的问题。他们诚实，对中国的经济发展起着重要的作用，成为了中国社会改变的重要力量，他们正在建造新中国，所以我们应该对他们伸出援助之手。

1. 细节理解题。最后一段倒数第二句 They' re building the new China. 再定位到第一段最后一句 They' re China' s migrant workers. 可知全文的 they 都指的是 migrant workers。故选 C。

2. 细节理解题。第三段和第四段主要是说作者在晚上可以看到他们脸上的悲伤和他们的痛苦，深知背井离乡是怎样的痛楚。所以这两段讲的是农民工的孤独。故选 D。

3. 词义猜测题。第一段中说他们在城市的每个街角，每个建筑工地，建造了马路，电影院，超市等，故判断他们是农民工。故选 C。

4. 推理判断题。由文中的最后一句 So we should help them with our hands. 可知 A 正确；由第二段的 More than 140 million workers have left their homes to look for job in cities. 可知 B 错误；从第三段可知农民工受到了歧视，故城市人不欢迎农民工；第五段 most governments refuse to give them medical care and public schooling for their children. 可知 D 正确。本题选 B。

5. 推理判断题。文章最后一段提到 So many things need to be changed. 许多事都需要被改变，首先就是歧视，也就是说要改变的是农民工的状况。故选 B。

答案：1. C2. D3. C4. B5. B

2. 考点：人物传记 / 故事阅读类

试题解析：

一位父亲很喜欢自己的儿子，每天下班回来都陪儿子玩。一天晚上，父亲有事要忙，无法陪儿子玩。于是他把一张世界地图撕碎，叫儿子把碎片合成一张完整的地图，拼好了就和他玩。父亲以为儿子要几个小时才能完成，但是半小时后儿子就来找父亲玩了。原来地图的背面是一个人像，儿子把人像拼好，地图也就拼好了。

1. 细节理解题。由第二段开头：he found that he had some extra work to do. And he wasn't able to play with his little son. 可知父亲因为有额外的事情做，所以不能陪儿子玩。故选 B。

2. 细节理解题。由第二段可知，父亲把杂志上的一张地图撕碎后让儿子把地图拼出来。故选 C。

3. 细节理解题。由第三段第一句：After about thirty minutes, 可知大约 30 分钟后，儿子就完成了。故选 C。

4. 推理判断题。题意：关于短文，下面哪一个是对的？A. It's a report about a father's extra work. 是一篇关于父亲的额外的工作的报道；B. It's a story between a father and his clever son. 这是一个有关父亲和他聪明的儿子之间的故事；C. It's an advertisement for the map of the world. 是一张世界地图的广告；D. It's a poster about how to deal with parents' problems. 是一节关于怎样处理父母的问题的海报。本文讲述的是父亲与儿子之间的一个故事。故选 B。

答案：1. B2. C3. C4. B

3. 考点：人物传记 / 故事阅读类

试题解析：

试题分析：短文大意：被称为比尔和保罗两只老鼠是好朋友。保罗住在乡村；比尔住在城里。在一个晴朗的天，他们在街上遇见。比尔邀请保罗到城里去住。几天后保罗去了城里的比尔的房子。但他不喜欢。因为保罗觉得住在田野的洞里虽很贫穷但是快乐，而住在城市虽富有但害怕。

1. A 细节理解题。根据第一段中 There are two mice. They are called Bill and Paul. They are good friends. 可知比尔和保罗是好朋友。所以该选 A。
2. C 细节理解题。根据文中 Bill: Why do you live in a hole in the field? You should come and live in the city. You would live in a nice house made of stone. You would have better food to eat. You must come and see me at my house in the city. 可知比尔住在城市里，所以该选 C。
3. B 词义猜测题。根据上文描述比尔邀请保罗去城市居住一事可知这是几天后保罗应邀去了城里的比尔的房子，所以该选 B。
4. D 细节理解题。根据文中 I enjoy living in my hole in the field, for it is nice to be poor but happy than to be rich but afraid. 可知保罗不喜欢住在城市因为住在田野的洞里虽很贫穷但是快乐，而住在城市虽富有但害怕。所以选该选 D。
5. A 标题归纳题。根据该文描述了一只城市老鼠和一只乡下老鼠的故事可知该选 A。

答案：1. A 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. A

4. 考点：人物传记 / 故事阅读类

试题解析：这篇短文讲述了一位空姐因为太忙而忘了给一个要吃药的乘客端水，于是在之后的几个小时内，他不断地微笑着询问那位乘客是否需要帮助，最终感到了乘客的故事。

1. 考查名词及语境理解。句意：空姐告诉他一会儿给他拿水来。根据上文乘客要水吃药，可知选 D。
2. 考查副词及语境理解。时长+later，表示“……之后”，故选 B。
3. 考查动词及语境理解。乘客再按铃她才想起，因为太忙而忘了给他拿水来。故选 B. forgot 忘记。
4. 考查动词及语境理解。由 but 可知语义转折，因此乘客拒绝了空姐的服务。故选 C。
5. 考查代词及语境理解。句意，接下来几小时，他每一次经过乘客，他都问他是否需要帮助。根据句意选 D。
6. 考查疑问词及语境理解。问他是否需要帮助，故选 C: whether 是否。
7. 考查动词短语及语境理解。A. paid attention to 注意；B. thought of 考虑，想起；C. heard of 听说；D. worried about 担心。服务员不断地提供帮助，但乘客都没有在意她的话，故选 A。
8. 考查名词及语境理解。坐飞机的乘客下飞机，故选 D。
9. 考查形容词及语境理解。A. happy 高兴；B. cheerful 令人愉快的；C. sad 难过；D. excited 激动。根据语境，因为认为乘客会给差评，所以感到伤心难过。帮选 C。
10. 考查动词及语境理解。句意：那将使她丢掉工作。make sb do sth 使某人做某事，跟省 to 的不定式作宾语补足语，故选 A。
11. 考查连词及语境理解。A. And 并且，表示并列、递进；B. So 因此，表示结果；C. Then 然后，表示时间先后顺序；D. But 但是，表示转折；虽然心里担心，但还是微笑着递过了意见簿。故选 D。

12. 考查动词及语境理解。句意：下飞机时，她打开意见簿。A. opened 打开；B. closed 关上；C. destroyed 摧毁；D. hid 藏。她打开意见簿看留言内容。故选 A。
13. 考查介词短语及语境理解。句意：在航行中，你一共问了我 12 次是否需要帮助。A. at all 根本，全然；B. in all 总共，总计；C. of all 所有的；D. all over 遍及，全部。根据句意，一共 12 次，故选 B。
14. 考查代词及语境理解。根据上文可知，是拒绝你的 12 次真挚的微笑，故选 B。
15. 考查副词及语境理解。A. peacefully 和平地；B. comfortably 舒适地；C. deeply 深深地；D. slowly 慢慢地。空姐 12 次的微笑深深地感到了乘客。故选 C。

答案：1-5. DBBCD6-10. CADCA11-15. DABBC

5. 考点：单词拼写用单词适当形式填空

试题解析：

1. 拒绝：refuse；由 every day 可知用一般现在时态，主语 boys 是复数，动词用原形。故填：refuse
2. 争论：argue；由句意及提前的 is 可以推测出本句用的现在进行时态，动词用现在分词，故填：arguing
3. 相似的：similar，作 hobbies 的定语，无比较，用形容词原形，故填：similar。
4. 修理：fix, mend 或 repair。请(某人)做某事：have sth done，后跟过去分词形式，故填：fixed/mended/repaired
5. 作 make 的宾语，用名词形式，故填：decision
6. 由后句 never feels tired 从不感到疲倦，可知老师精力充沛，故填：energetic。
7. 句意：昨天她给我提供一些新书，但是我没有接受。表示过去发生的动作，用一般过去时，故填：offered。

8. 因为感到怀疑, 所以问我, 是否自己完成的作业, 故填: whether.

9. 句意: 如果我在比赛中得了第一, 你可以承诺给我买一辆新车吗? 比赛前先许诺, 故填: promise.

10. 说实话, 老实说, tell the truth, 固定搭配, 故填: truth.

11. 本题中 look 是行为动词, 修饰行为动词用副词形式, 故填: sadly.

12. ask sb for sth 向某人要某事物, 用名词形式作介词 for 的宾语, 故填: wisdom.

13. look forward to doing sth 期待做某事, 后跟动名词作介词 to 的宾语, 故填: relaxing.

14. 句意: 父亲刚过了他的四十岁生日。第四十个生日, 用序数词形式, 故填: fortieth.

15. have difficulty doing sth, 做某事有困难, 后跟动名词短语作状语, 故填: wearing.

答案:

1. refuse 2. arguing 3. similar 4. fixed/mended/repaired 5

. decision 6. energetic 7. offered 8. whether 9. promise

10.

truth 11. sadly 12. wisdom 13. relaxing 14. fortieth 15. Wearin

g

6. 考点: 翻译句子

试题解析:

1. 使某人想起某事: remind sb of sth. 主语 photo 是第三人称单数, 故填: reminds of;

2. 谓语 are 是复数形式，主语选择可数名词 suggestion，并用其复数形式；对某人有价值：

be of value/valuable to sb，故填：Those suggestions, of great

value/valuable；

3. 根据句意可知描述的是过去发生的动作，用一般过去时态。没有选择：have no

choice，故填：had no choice but；

4. 值得做某事，be worth doing sth，后跟动名词；听故事：listen to music，listen to

与主语 story 是逻辑上的动宾关系，不得省去介词 to，故填：is well worth listening

to；

5. 对某人要求严：be strict with sb；对某事要求严：be strict in sth；故填：is

strict with us。

答案：1. reminds ,of 2. Those suggestions, of great value/valuable 3. had no

choice but 4 . is well worth listening to 5. is strict with us

7. 考点：补全对话

试题解析：

试题分析：这是罗斯和爱丽丝之间的一段对话。

1. C 根据答语 to the Lost & Found - I lost my mobile phone 可推知这里是在问对方去过哪里，所以选 C。

2. E 根据上句 I lost my mobile phone 结合后一句 What happened?可知这里是说听到丢了手机一事感到很不安，所以选 E。

3. B 根据上句 I was about ready to call my mother when I realized I couldn't find it anywhere.可知这里是说真倒霉，所以选 B。

4. G 根据上句 I hope that someone will pick it up and call you 可知这里是说希望如此，所以选 G。

5. F 根据上句 We don't have enough time to get there 可知时间不多了，所以决定打车去，因此选 F。

答案：1. C 2. E 3. B 4. G 5. F

答案：worry- worries help- helps loses- lost we- they be ~~most~~ more careful. - be more careful. remember ^ share- remember to share cut- cutting

8. 考点：提纲作文

试题解析：这是一篇给材料作文。本文给出了一些要点，并给出了作文的开头和结尾。我们要做的就是用正确的英语把要点表达出来，并适当发挥想象说出自己的观点。动笔前要认真阅读材料，不要遗漏要点，并适当发挥。根据材料内容可知本文主要是用一般现在时态来写，要注意主谓一致等问题。写作中要适当使用连词，注意上下文联系紧密，符合逻辑关系。

写作亮点：这篇短文多次使用连接词 and 以及固定短语，为文章增色不少。学习中注意总结，牢记一些固定句式及短语，写作时就可以适当引用，使文章的表达更有逻辑性，更富有条理。

答案：Dear Sir / Madam, My name is Li Ming. I think volunteering is of great significance to our society, which can enrich our experience as well as improve our ability. Now I can participate in the weekend activities, so I have enough time to help International Animal Helpers. It is about ten minutes by subway to the "center" from my home. I love animals and I'm willing to help them. I understand a little medical knowledge. I'm good at getting along well

with others. I'm willing to help others and can bear sufferings. I hope you can
give me a chance, thank you very much! Looking forward to your reply. Yours
sincerely, Li Ming

9. 考点：其他

试题解析：

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